

**Trinity College Dublin** Coláiste na Tríonóide, Baile Átha Cliath The University of Dublin

### Haemophilia and Physical Activity Research

Irish Haemophilia Society, October Members' Conference.

**Dr. Megan Kennedy, PhD.** Physiotherapist and Postdoctoral Research Fellow.

22<sup>nd</sup> October 2023

# Regular physical activity reduces the risk of numerous health issues



#### Physical activity for people with haemophilia

# WFH Guidelines for the Management of Hemophilia, 3rd edition

#### RECOMMENDATION 2.3.1:

 For people with hemophilia, the WFH recommends promotion of regular physical activity and fitness, with special attention on bone health maintenance, muscle strengthening, coordination, physical functioning, healthy body weight, and positive self-esteem. Image:

#### **RECOMMENDATION 2.3.2:**

- For people with hemophilia, the WFH recommends promotion of non-contact sports. High-contact and collision sports and high-velocity activities should be avoided unless the individual is on a prophylactic regimen that is adequate to cover such activities and is properly educated on the potential risks and other required protective measures.
- REMARK: The choice of sports activities should take into consideration the individual's physical condition and ability, preferences and interests, local customs, and available resources. CE

#### **RECOMMENDATION 2.3.3:**

 For people with hemophilia, the WFH recommends consultation with a physical therapist or other musculoskeletal specialist before engaging in sports and physical activities to discuss their appropriateness specific to the individual's condition and their requirement for particular physical skills and/or protective gear. CE



### iPATH Physical Activity (2018-2021)

A systematic review of physical activity in people with haemophilia and its relationship with bleeding phenotype and treatment regimen Pain and functional disability amongst adults with moderate and severe haemophilia from the Irish personalised approach to the treatment of haemophilia (iPATH) study

ORIGINAL ARTICLE

**REVIEW ARTICLE** 

Physical activity, physical fitness and cardiometabolic risk amongst adults with moderate and severe haemophilia

A cross-sectional follow-up study of physical activity in adults with moderate and severe haemophilia

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to the treatment of haemophilia (iPATH) study

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**ORIGINAL ARTICLE** 

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73% of PwH met moderatevigorous physical activity guidelines.

19% met these guidelines via sustained bouts of activity.

(Kennedy et al., 2023)





(Kennedy et al., 2023)



73% of PwH met moderatevigorous physical activity guidelines. 19% met these guidelines via sustained bouts of activity.

- Bleeding events
- Joint health issues (pain, stiffness, function)
- General psychosocial barriers (lack of time, lack of motivation, social influences)







(Kennedy et al., 2023)



#### Conclusion

- Adult PwH may experience variable levels of physical activity.
- Barriers to physical activity and the experiences of physical health may also vary.
- Personalised, multidisciplinary informed health interventions are required to optimise physical activity and physical health for adult PwH.

Focus groups and interviews with adult PwH, family members, caregivers and healthcare professionals.

(Kennedy et al., 2019; Kennedy et al., 2023)

- Musculoskeletal bleeding and joint health issues may impact physical activity.
- Tailored physical rehabilitation after a bleed.
- Pain and joint health.
- Muscle strength, aerobic fitness, balance.
- Bone density.
- Studies predominantly in male population.



- Musculoskeletal bleeding and joint health issues may impact physical activity.
- Tailored physical rehabilitation after a bleed.

 Encouragingly, the provision of treatment and care for women with bleeding disorders has gained significant recognition as an important clinical unmet need.

• Studies predominantly in male population.

- Musculoskeletal bleeding and other bleeding symptoms common in men.
- Heavy menstrual bleeding (55-77%).
- Iron deficiency/ anaemia.
- Pregnancy and childbirth.
- Quality of life.
- Physical health (physical activity, pain, joint health, body composition, menstrual health.)

- Musculoskeletal bleeding and other bleeding symptoms common in men.
- Heavy menstrual bleeding (55-77%).
- Iron deficiency/ anaemia.

We need more detailed research regarding the physical health impact of bleeding symptoms in WBD.

menstrual health.)

### Menstrual health awareness

Period

**IRELAND** 

Why periods must no longer be a taboo subject in sport Athletes who incorporate menstrual cycle into preparation are reaping the benefits

# Periods in sport: Why female teams in Ireland are moving away from white shorts









ialtas na hÉirean

Women's Opinions and experiences of Menstrual health on Exercise and physical activity Nationally (WOMEN)



Researchers from Trinity College Dublin and St. James's Hospital are seeking volunteers to participate in an anonymous survey titled:

Physical activity, menstrual health and bleeding experiences in the inherited bleeding disorder and general populations of Ireland. **WHO?** Women/people with potential to menstruate aged 18+

**WHY?** We want to learn about menstrual health, bleeding experiences and physical activity. Survey open to both people who have a bleeding disorder and the general public.

#### <u>Please copy the link below or scan</u> <u>the QR code to access the survey:</u>



#### http://bit.ly/43sSJOF

#### Research team contact: Megan Kennedy at <u>haemexercise@tcd.ie</u>

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# **Thank You**